	Year 10						
	Changing Economic	Challenge of Natural	Resource Manage-	Living World	Physical Landscapes UK	Urban Environments	<u>Fieldwork</u>
Unit	<u>World</u>	Atmospheric Hazards	<u>ment</u>	Ecosystems & Rain-	Rivers	London	
	Development & UK		Water Focus	forests			
Knowledge	The use of different develop- ment indicators and their relia- bility. The causes and impacts of an unequally developed world. The various strategies for re- ducing the global development gap. A case study on how tourism is closing the gap in Kenya <u>UK</u> Major changes in the UK have affected, and will continue to affect, employment patterns and regional growth. Including - Post-industrial shift in the economy - How industry can become more sustainable - Improvements in infrastruc- ture - The north-south divide	effects on people and the envi- ronment . The UK is affected by a number of weather hazards. Extreme weather events in the UK have impacts on human activity. Climate change is the result of natural and human factors, and has a range of effects. Managing climate change in- volves both mitigation and adaption.	How food, water and energy are fundamental to human de- velopment. The changing demand and pro- vision of resources in the UK create opportunities and chal- lenges. An overview of resources in relation to the UK for food, wa- ter and energy. How the demand for water resources is rising globally but supply can be insecure, which may lead to conflict. The different strategies can be used to increase water supply. Including - Chinese south to north trans- fer scheme - Water conservation and man- agement - Increasing water supplies in developing countries	How ecosystems exist at a range of scales and involve the interaction between biotic and abiotic components. The characteristics and fea- tures of a local small-scale ecosystem—Cromwell Bottom Pond How tropical rainforest eco- systems have a range of dis- tinctive characteristics. How deforestation has eco- nomic and environmental im- pacts. The way tropical rainforests need to be managed to be sus- tainable.	stream. The distinctive fluvial landforms resulting from different physical processes. The different management strate- gies which are used to protect river landscapes from the effects of flooding.	The growing percentage of the world's population lives in urban areas. How urban change in cities in the UK leads to a variety of social, eco- nomic and environmental opportu- nities and challenge in London. Including -The location and importance - Cause of population growth - How urban growth has created opportunities - How urban growth has created challenges A case study of the Olympic Park as an example of regeneration. Urban sustainability requires man- agement of resources and transport.	The choice of appropriate primary and secondary data collection. The way to choose the cor- rect sample size. The way to choosing the correct data presentation. How to reach appropriate conclusions and evalua- tion.
<u>Skills</u>	The use of keywords in geo- graphical writing. Analysing world maps to pick out global trends. Developing skills in detailed explanation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision making.	Creating physical diagrams, such as low pressure. Analysing sources and videos. Developing skills in detailed explanation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision making.	Defining different strategies and outlining key advantages and disadvantages. Developing skills in detailed explanation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision making.	Describing trends in maps and graphs. Describing and comparing vid- eo and images. Developing skills in detailed explanation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision making.	Describing the sequence of physical processes. Sketching and labelling landforms. Developing skills in detailed expla- nation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision mak- ing.	Developing skills in comparing sets of data, using connectives, such as where as. Analysing a range of sources in- cluding media, photographs and numerical data. Developing skills in detailed expla- nation through the use of chains of reasoning. Developing evaluative skills through the use of decision mak- ing.	