## Year 8

	Urban World VIP	Climate Change	<u>UK economy</u>	An African Adventure	<u>Fieldwork—Crime</u>	<b>Globalisation</b>
Unit	(7 weeks)	(7 weeks)	(6 weeks)	<b>Issue Evaluation</b>	(7 weeks)	(6 weeks)
				(6 weeks)		
Knowledge	<ul> <li>What megacities are and where they are created.</li> <li>An introduction to Lagos and Rio de Janeiro.</li> <li>Including <ul> <li>Where they are located</li> <li>Comparison between both</li> </ul> </li> <li>The solutions to urban challenges in different parts of the world.</li> <li>The causes of rural to urban migration.</li> <li>The benefits of aid in Nigeria.</li> </ul>	The causes of climate change over the last 25 million years. What the evidence is for cli- mate change. The human and natural causes and which is the biggest cause. Importance of COP26 The global, national and local impacts of climate change. How we can adaptation to cli- mate change. How we can mitigation the re- lease of greenhouse gases. How school can help mitigate and adapt to climate change/ formal presentations.	Development gap Jobs—what do people in the UK do? A brief history of UK economy—what has changed and why. Ind. Revolution etc. Inequality in the U.K Homelessness problems and solutions London spending—is it fair? The importance and develop- ment of transport systems in the UK.– HS2	Choosing an African holiday. The physical geography of Africa. The different biomes of Africa. The different climates of Africa. The different climates of Africa ca. Rural and urban Africa Each student to get a booklet with the content which match- es the lessons and in the style of the GCSE pre-release issue evaluation. Students deciding on if Africa should be using energy devel- opment as a way to increase development for the rural poor. Focus on reasons for poverty in Africa and ways to reduce the development gap such as top down development strategies. Overall decision to be planned in last lesson and answered in the assessment.	Fieldwork The school site is set up to provide a safe site for education. Crime and crime prevention Why do people commit crimes - Background and hypotheses - Methodology and risk assessment - Data collection (2 lessons out of classroom) - Data presentation and analysis - Conclusion and evaluation	What globalisation is and where it occurs. How simple items, such as jeans, require the whole work to make them. The different inventions, which have allowed globalisation to happen. Where coffee is grown and the positives and negatives of growing it. What the benefits and costs are of globalisation in the UK and around the world.
<u>Skills</u>	Problem solving and decision making Developing the use of key- words	Problem solving Data analysis Describing graphs and pictures Developing explanation	Data interpretation Statistical information analysis Basic data presentation (pie charts / bar graphs)	Decision making Analysing a variety of data sources Analysis of information	Developing explanation through chains of reasoning Identifying countries on maps Developing reading techniques	Collaborative work Data collection Data presentation Analysis
	Explaining Defining Analysing pictures	Decision making and problem solving Presentation skills	Design—sustainable living Problem solving Population analysis	Problem solving Evaluation	Analysing maps, graphs, pic- tures and videos	Report writing Evaluation